

William J. Worth, the commander in Florida, issued Order No. 28 announcing that "hostilities with the Indians within this Territory have ceased" as a result of arrangements made "in accordance with the instructions of the President of the United States."

Thus came to an end the bloodiest chapter in the longest Native-American conflict in our Nation's history.



For those interested in the history of the Florida Indian Wars and the people that were caught up in the conflict, the following books are recommended by the Seminole Wars Foundation and the West Point Society of North Florida.

Dade's Last Command

by Frank Laumer

The Florida War

by John T. Sprague

History of the Second Seminole War, 1835-1842

by John K. Mahon

Reminiscences Of The Second Seminole War

by John Bemrose Ed. by John Mahon

Amidst a Storm of Bullets: The Diary of Lt Henry Prince in Florida

Ed. by Frank Laumer

This Miserable Pride of a Soldier: The Letters and Journals of Col.

William S. Foster in the Second Seminole War

by William S. Foster Ed. by John and Mary Lou Missall

The Billy Bowlegs War

by James W. Covington

Florida's Seminole Wars 1817-1858

by Joe Knetsch

The Seminoles Of Florida

by James W. Covington

Unconquered People

by Brent R. Weisman

Osceola's Legacy

by Patricia R. Wickman

The Black Seminoles

by Kenneth W. Porter

Most of these books can be purchased through Barnes & Noble or from the Seminole Wars Foundation by calling (352) 583-2974.

THE WEST POINT SOCIETY OF NORTH FLORIDA



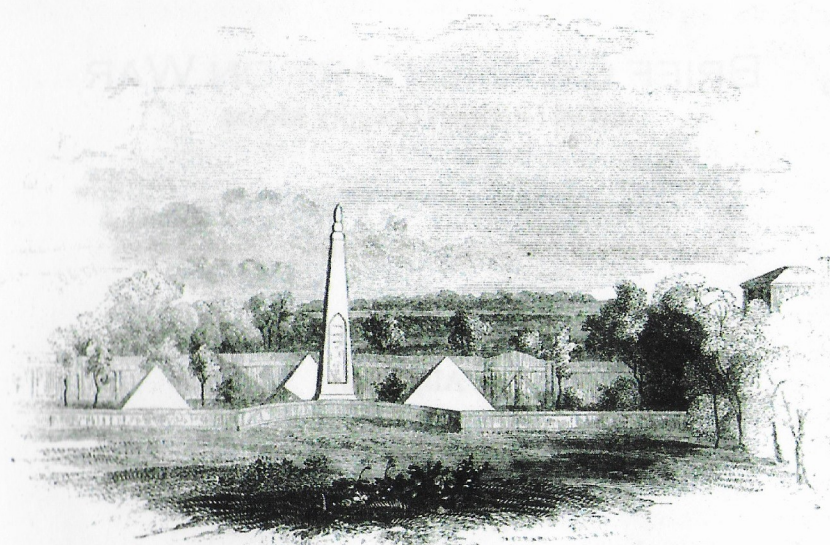
THIRD ANNUAL CEREMONY
COMMEMORATING THE ANNIVERSARY
OF THE END OF HOSTILITIES WITH THE

SEMINOLE & MICCOSUKEE INDIANS

AND REMEMBERING THE

SOLDIERS & WEST POINT GRADUATES

WHO PERISHED IN THE FLORIDA INDIAN WARS



SATURDAY — 14 AUGUST 2010
ST. AUGUSTINE NATIONAL CEMETERY
104 MARINE STREET - ST. AUGUSTINE

CADET PRAYER

O God, our Father, Thou Searcher of Men's hearts,
help us draw near to thee in sincerity and truth.
May our religion be filled with gladness
and may our worship of Thee be natural.

Strengthen and increase our admiration
for honest dealing and clean thinking,
and suffer not our hatred of hypocrisy
and pretense ever to diminish.

Encourage us in our endeavor
to live above the common level of life.
Make us to choose the harder right
instead of the easier wrong,
and never to be content with a half truth,
when the whole can be won.

Endow us with courage that is born of loyalty
to all that is noble and worthy,
that scorns to compromise with vice and injustice
and knows no fear when truth and right are in jeopardy.

Guard us against flippancy and irreverence
in the sacred things of life.
Grant us new ties of friendship
and new opportunities of service.

Kindle our hearts in fellowship
with those of a cheerful countenance,
and soften our hearts with sympathy
for those who sorrow and suffer.

Help us to maintain the honor of the Corps
untarnished and unsullied,
and to show forth in our lives the ideals of West Point
in doing our duty to Thee and to our Country.

All of which we ask in the name
of the Great Friend and Master of Men. - **Amen**

PROGRAM

ON PARADE FIELD

SOLDIERS' ENCAMPMENT

Mr. Steve Abolt & LtCol (Retired) Harry Metz

WELCOME & INTRODUCTION OF GUESTS

Col (Retired) Joseph Naftzinger

MOVEMENT TO CEMETERY

AT CEMETERY

BRIEF COMMENTARY ON WAR

LtCol (Retired) Gregory Moore

PLACING OF WREATH

Col (Retired) Naftzinger & Distinguished Guests

CADET PRAYER

Mr. Allyn Barr

PLAYING OF TAPS

MSgt Arthur Tenney

END OF CEREMONY



The West Point connection to the settling and development of Florida is old and deep. Early graduates of the Academy, including George P. Peters, Abraham L. Sands, and Alexander C. W. Fanning, participated in fighting Native-Americans during 1817 and 1818 in what is now called the First Seminole Indian War.

It was during the Second Seminole War, fought from 1835 to 1842, that many graduates distinguished themselves in combat. The list of young officers who later served as generals during the Civil War includes James Longstreet, Joseph Hooker, Robert Anderson, Joseph E. Johnston, John Sedgwick, Braxton Bragg, J. B. Magruder, George C. Thomas and William T. Sherman.

Nearly forgotten, however, are the names of graduates who died during this war. They include Captain George W. Gardiner, first Commandant of Cadets at West Point, Major David Moniac, first Native-American graduate of the Academy, and Lieutenant Colonel Alexander R. Thompson, commander of the 6th Regiment of Infantry, who was killed leading his men at the Battle of Okeechobee.

While some, like Lieutenant James Izard, died heroically, others quietly perished from diseases, such as three USMA graduates buried in the St. Augustine National Cemetery (Lieutenants Benjamin Poole, George Rodney, and Rowley Jennings) who died of yellow fever within a week of each other in November 1839.

On 24 August 1842, following the re-internment of Major Francis Dade and other war dead in the Post Cemetery nine days earlier, Colonel